

CLASSIFICATION CONFIDENTIAL

COUNTRY	Czechoslovakia	REPORT
TOPIC	1 Czech Troops Near Eibenau 2 Short-Term Training of Older Classes 3 Czech Border Guard Troops in Kystofovy Hamry and Vejprty	6-374
EVALUATION	PLACE OBTAINED	
DATE OF OBTENED	DATE PREPARED	September 1955
REFERENCES		
PAGES	ENCLOSURES (NO. & TYPE)	
REMARKS	This is UNEVALUATED Information	

1. In November 1954, an estimated 400 to 500 Czech soldiers were sworn in on Ring Platz in Eibenau (Braunau, P 51/H 05). They wore khaki uniforms and steel helmets and carried rifles with fixed bayonets. In about mid-April 1955, two detachments totalling 250 to 300 unarmed soldiers wearing khaki uniforms were observed marching to the athletic field in Brezov. All these men were young soldiers who were apparently serving their term of active duty. The bivouacs of the troops were unknown. No barracks installation was located in the area of the town of Brezov proper, but a former German Labor Service camp of 5 or 6 wooden barracks which, prior to September 1953, was used as a recreation home for juveniles was known to exist 4 kilometers north-northeast of the railroad station and on the northeastern perimeter of the village of Brezov (Strassenau, P 51/H 06). This camp was allegedly occupied by troops recently. Soldiers were also constantly observed coming from the direction of Brezov. 25X1
2. For eight days in December 1953, a registration committee of the recruiting district headquarters (OVV) in Naehod (P 51/G 94) mustered 25 to 50-year-old Czechs and Germans in Brezov. These men included veterans and untrained individuals who came from the whole Brezov district. On the date of source's registration, about 20 men were found unfit out of about 150 examinees who included 30 to 35 Germans. Those examinees who lived in Brezov were initially not inducted, but were, starting in September 1954, required frequently to attend 2 hour training courses. For this kind of training, old uniform and long Czech rifles were issued in the Ieba, textile factory in Brezov. Two NCOs directed this training which included simple drill practices and training with rifles. The exercises were observed for the last time in February 1955. A member of the 1954 class who had a German father and a Slovak mother was mustered in the spring of 1954, and after another registration was inducted in October 1954. 25X1
3. In August 1954, a barrack camp which quartered Czech border guard troops who were green service color was observed in the wooded area about 1 kilometer west of Kystofovy Hamry (Christophhammer, N 51/K 82) and just north of the Vejprty (Weipert, N 51/K 72) highway. A barbed-wire obstacle of several lines allegedly extended along the Czech-Saxonian border between Kystofovy Hamry and Vejprty. 25X1

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1. In August 1954, other billets of the Czech border guard troops were observed in a large former civilian house at the eastern exit of Vajprty and south of the Krystofovy Hamry highway. Officers who rode in motor vehicles frequently went from this building to the billets of the border guard troops in Krystofovy Hamry. The border guard soldiers who were observed in the two towns served their term of active duty.

2. [redacted] comment. Brezov (Bremov) is reported for the first time as a military station.

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2. [redacted] comment. The induction of the 1954 class in the fall of 1954 agrees with previous information.

3. [redacted] comment. The border guard troops who are reported from Krystofovy Hamry (Christophenner) and Vajprty (Velkort) presumably belong to the border guard brigade in Karlovy Vary (Karlsbad).

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